



## Guide to reclassification of May 2010 Minor Penalties in Jan. 1, 2013 Rules

NO IMPACT/ NO PENALTY (with updated #)	MINORS FROM MAY 2010 RULES	MAJOR PENALTY (with updated #)
<p><b>6.1.1</b> - Any contact to the back of an opponent that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, and/or sideways, but does not cause the opponent to lose relative position.</p>	<p><b>6.1.2</b> - Any contact to the back of an opponent that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, and/or sideways, but does not cause her to lose her relative position.</p>	
<p><b>6.3.4</b> - Any contact outside of the normal skating motion which lands below the legal target zone that causes an opposing skater to stumble but not fall or lose relative position.</p>	<p><b>6.3.3</b> - Any contact outside of the normal skating motion which lands below the legal target zone that causes an opposing skater to stumble but not fall or lose her relative position.</p>	
<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>	<p><b>6.3.4</b> - Contact between skates and wheels that is not part of the normal skating motion that causes an opponent to stumble but not fall or lose her relative position</p>	<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>
<p><b>6.3.5</b> - A downed skater re-entering the track that causes an opposing skater to stumble but not fall or lose her relative position.</p>	<p><b>6.3.5</b> - A downed skater re-entering the track that causes an opposing skater to stumble but not fall or lose her relative position.</p>	
<p><b>6.4.6</b> - Any illegal contact with the elbow or swinging motion of the elbow that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward and/or sideways but does not cause her to lose her relative position.</p>	<p><b>6.4.7</b> - Any illegal contact with the elbow or swinging motion of the elbow that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward and/or sideways but does not cause her to lose her relative position.</p>	
<p><b>6.5.5</b> - Illegal forearm or hand contact to an opponent that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, and/or sideways but does not cause her to lose her relative position. This includes:</p> <p><b>6.5.5.1</b> - A slight but observable push with the hands or forearms.</p>	<p><b>6.5.7</b> - Illegal forearm or hand contact to an opponent that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, and/or sideways but does not cause her to lose her relative position. This includes:</p> <p><b>6.5.7.1</b> - A slight but observable push with the hands or forearms.</p>	
<p><b>6.5.5.2</b> - A block initiated with the shoulder, in which there is either a simultaneous or subsequent push with the forearm. A push is indicated by the initiating skater extending her arms while making contact with the forearms, resulting in the receiving skater being propelled forward or sideways.</p>	<p><b>6.5.7.2</b> - A block initiated with the shoulder, in which there is either a simultaneous or subsequent push with the forearm. A push is indicated by the initiating skater extending her arms while making contact with the forearms, resulting in the receiving skater being propelled forward or sideways.</p>	
	<p><b>6.5.8</b> - Extended touching (lasting three seconds or more) with the forearms or hands to an opponent's legal and/or illegal target zone.</p>	



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6.6.1 - Incidental contact by the initiator's head that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward and/or sideways, but does not cause her to lose relative position.	6.6.2 - Incidental contact by the initiator's head that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward and/or sideways, but does not cause her to lose relative position.	
	6.7.8 - Maintaining a multi-player block to impede or block an opponent or prevent receiving a block from an opponent for less than three (3) seconds but NOT causing her to fall or lose her relative position.	6.7.8 - Maintaining a multi-player block to impede or block an opponent, <b>including to prevent another skater receiving a block from an opponent for any amount of time.</b>
6.8.14 - Any contact from out of bounds that does not cause the receiving opposing skater to fall or lose her relative position.	6.8.14 - Any contact from out of bounds that does not cause the receiving opposing skater to fall or lose her relative position.	
6.8.15 - Continuing a block after any part of the initiating Blocker is touching the ground outside the track boundary.	6.8.15 - Continuing a block after any part of the initiating Blocker is touching the ground outside the track boundary.	
6.8.16 - Any contact with an opponent who is touching the track exclusively outside the track boundary that does not affect the opposing skater's ability to re-enter play.	6.8.16 - Any contact with an opponent who is touching the track exclusively outside the track boundary that does not affect the opposing skater's ability to re-enter play.	
6.8.17 - Any contact to opponents initiated by a downed skater re-entering the track from out of bounds that does not force opposing in-play skaters to fall or lose relative position.	6.8.17 - Any contact to opponents initiated by a downed skater re-entering the track from out of bounds that does not force opposing in-play skaters to fall or lose relative position.	
	6.9.11 - A clockwise block that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, and/or sideways, but does not cause her to lose her relative position.	
	6.9.12 - A block by a stopped skater that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, and/or sideways, but does not cause her to lose her relative position.	6.9.15 A block by a stopped skater that <b>includes physical contact which</b> forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, backward, and/or sideways, but does not cause the opposing skater to lose relative position.
	6.9.13 - A clockwise skating and/or stepping skater giving an assist that affects the recipient but does not improve the recipient's relative position. The penalty is given to the initiator of the assist.	6.9.16 - A clockwise skating and/or stepping skater giving an assist that affects the recipient, <b>regardless of whether or not it improves</b> the recipient's relative position. The penalty is given to the initiator of the assist.
6.9.10 - A stopped skater giving an assist that affects the recipient but does not improve the recipient's relative position. The penalty is given to the initiator of the assist.	6.9.14 - A stopped skater giving an assist that affects the recipient but does not improve the recipient's relative position. The penalty is given to the initiator of the assist.	



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	<p><b>6.10.11</b> - A skater who, after being warned, does not immediately attempt to re-enter the Engagement Zone. A minor penalty must be applied to each offending Blocker who does not attempt to return to the Engagement Zone.</p>	<p><b>6.10.12</b> - A skater who, after being warned, does not immediately attempt to re-enter the Engagement Zone. A <b>major</b> penalty must be applied to each offending Blocker who does not attempt to return to the Engagement Zone.</p>
	<p><b>6.10.12</b> - No pack: After a warning, a failure to immediately attempt to reform a pack will result in a minor penalty. This penalty includes failure to reform a pack by returning to in bounds from out of bounds. One penalty will be applied to a single skater per team, if applicable, who seems most responsible or the Pivot (see Section 7.1.2 and Section 7.2.4).</p>	<p><b>6.10.13</b> - No pack: After a warning, a failure to immediately attempt to reform a pack will result in a <b>major</b> penalty. This penalty includes failure to reform a pack by returning to in bounds from out of bounds. One penalty will be applied to a single skater per team, if applicable, who seems most responsible or the Pivot (see Section 7.1.4).</p>
<p><b>6.10.10</b> - Any illegal blocking while out of play that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, and/or sideways, but does not cause her to lose her relative position.</p>	<p><b>6.10.13</b> - Any illegal blocking while out of play that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward, and/or sideways, but does not cause her to lose her relative position.</p>	
	<p><b>6.10.14</b> - A Blocker re-entering the pack from behind, having lapped the pack. A penalty must be applied to each offending Blocker (see Section 4.3.3).</p>	<p><b>6.10.14</b> - A Blocker re-entering the pack from behind, having lapped the pack. A penalty must be applied to each offending Blocker (see Section 4.3.3.2).</p>
	<p><b>6.10.15</b> - A Blocker re-entering the pack from the front, having fallen behind the pack. A penalty must be applied to each offending Blocker (see Section 4.3.3 and Section 8.3 and Section 8.4).</p>	<p><b>6.10.15</b> - A Blocker re-entering the pack from the front, having fallen behind the pack. A penalty must be applied to each offending Blocker (see Section 4.3.3.2).</p>
<p><b>6.10.11</b> - An out of play assist that affects the recipient but does not improve her relative position.</p>	<p><b>6.10.16</b> - An out of play assist that affects the recipient but does not improve her relative position. The penalty is given to the initiator of the assist.</p>	
<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>	<p><b>6.11.8</b> - An in bounds, upright and skating skater who has re-entered the track from out of bounds in front of one in-play skater, which results in her having bettered her position.</p>	<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>
<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>	<p><b>6.11.9</b> - An upright skater straddling the track boundary who passes one in-play skater, and then ceases her out of bounds contact with the floor, which results in her having bettered her position.</p>	<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>
<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>	<p><b>6.11.10</b> - An in bounds, upright and skating Jammer who has re-entered the track from out of bounds in front of the opposing Jammer outside of the Engagement Zone, which results in her having bettered her position relative to the opposing Jammer.</p>	<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>



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<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>	<b>6.11.11</b> - An upright Jammer straddling the track boundary who passes the opposing Jammer, and then ceases her out of bounds contact with the floor outside of the Engagement Zone, which results in her having bettered her position relative to the opposing Jammer.	<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>
<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>	<b>6.11.12</b> - An in bounds, upright and skating skater who has re-entered the track from out of bounds in front of one in-bounds skater during a No Pack scenario, which results in her having bettered her position relative to that in bounds skater.	<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>
<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>	<b>6.11.13</b> - An upright skater straddling the track boundary who passes one in-bounds skater, and then ceases her out of bounds contact with the floor during a No Pack scenario, which results in her having bettered her position relative to that in bounds skater.	<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>
	<b>6.12.5</b> - Skating out of bounds in an attempt to avoid a block.	<b>6.12.5</b> - Skating out of bounds in an attempt to avoid a block.
	<b>6.12.6</b> - Skating out of bounds to maintain or increase speed.	<b>6.12.6</b> - Skating out of bounds to maintain or increase speed.
<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>	<b>6.13.5</b> - False start—A Jammer or Blocker who false starts must yield advantage. If a false-starting Blocker or Jammer yields her advantage but the opposing Jammer or Blocker does not take advantage of her attempt to yield position, neither Jammer nor Blocker will be awarded an additional penalty.	<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>
<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>	<b>6.13.5.1</b> - A Jammer false starts for being out of position at the Jammer starting whistle when she is touching beyond the Jammer line.	<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>
<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>	<p><b>6.13.5.2</b> - A Non-Pivot Blocker false starts for being out of position at the pack starting whistle when she:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><b>6.13.5.2.1</b> - is touching on or beyond the Pivot line.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><b>6.13.5.2.2</b> - is touching behind the Jammer line.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><b>6.13.5.2.3</b> - lines up in front of a Pivot Blocker who is on the Pivot line.</p>	<i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i>



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<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>	<p><b>6.13.5.3</b> - A Pivot Blocker false starts for being out of position at the pack starting whistle when she:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><b>6.13.5.3.1</b> - is touching beyond the Pivot line.</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><b>6.13.5.3.2</b> - is touching behind the Jammer line.</p>	<p><i>No corresponding rule in Jan. 1, 2013 rules.</i></p>
<p><b>6.13.7</b> - Too many skaters on the track. The extra skater is instructed to return to her bench without stopping the jam.</p>	<p><b>6.13.6</b> - Too many skaters on the track. The extra skater is instructed to return to her bench without stopping the jam. The penalty is issued to the skater instructed to return to her bench.</p>	
<p><b>6.13.8</b> - More than one designated Pivot for a team on the track after the <b>jam</b>-starting whistle. The <b>skater at fault</b> is the Pivot who was the last Pivot to enter the track in that jam. If the referee is unable to determine the last Pivot to enter the track, the referee <b>handling</b> the illegal procedure must single out the Pivot on the track closest to the referee who calls the penalty. After the whistle, the referee must instruct <b>that skater</b> to return to <b>the</b> bench if <b>that skater</b> is an extra skater on the track (see Section 6.13.7) <b>or remove the helmet cover if that skater is an extra Pivot, but the team otherwise has the correct number of Blockers.</b> Any Pivot starting in the penalty box is the designated Pivot for that jam.</p>	<p><b>6.13.7</b> - More than one designated Pivot for a team on the track after the starting whistle. The penalty is issued to the Pivot who was the last Pivot to enter the track in that jam. If the referee is unable to determine the last Pivot to enter the track, the referee issuing the illegal procedure must penalize the Pivot on the track closest to the referee who calls the penalty. After the whistle, the referee must instruct her to return to her bench if she is an extra skater on the track (see Section 6.13.6). Any Pivot starting in the penalty box is the designated Pivot for that jam.</p>	
<p><b>6.13.9</b> - A Jammer attempting to call off a jam when she is not Lead Jammer, and the jam is not called off.</p>	<p><b>6.13.8</b> - A Jammer attempting to call off a jam when she is not Lead Jammer, and the jam is not called off.</p>	
<p><b>6.13.10</b> - A skater exiting the penalty box and re-entering the track in front of one pack skater <b>of the same team.</b></p>	<p><b>6.13.9</b> - A skater exiting the penalty box and re-entering the track in front of one pack skater.</p>	
<p><b>6.13.11</b> - A skater, after being waved off of a full penalty box, re-entering the track in front of one pack skater <b>of the same team.</b></p>	<p><b>6.13.10</b> - A skater, after being waived off of a full penalty box, re-entering the track in front of one pack skater.</p>	<p><b>6.13.17</b> - A skater, after being waived off of a full penalty box, re-entering the track in front of one <b>opposing</b> pack skater.</p>
<p><b>6.13.12</b> - A skater, after addressing mid jam equipment malfunction, re-entering the track in front of one pack skater <b>of the same team.</b></p>	<p><b>6.13.11</b> - A skater, after addressing mid jam equipment malfunction, re-entering the track in front of one pack skater.</p>	<p><b>6.13.18</b> - A skater, after addressing mid jam equipment malfunction, re-entering the track in front of one <b>opposing</b> pack skater.</p>



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<p><b>6.13.13</b> - A skater initiating contact or engaging an opponent before the first whistle that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward or sideways, but does not cause her to lose her established starting position.</p>	<p><b>6.13.12</b> - A skater initiating contact or engaging an opponent before the first whistle that forces the receiving opposing skater off balance, forward or sideways, but does not cause her to lose her established starting position.</p>	
	<p><b>6.13.13</b> - A penalized skater who leaves the penalty box during either a team or official timeout.</p>	<p><b>6.13.19</b> - A penalized skater who leaves the penalty box during either a team or Official Timeout.</p>
	<p><b>6.13.14</b> - A penalized skater's teammates, manager, and/or coach who enters the designated penalty box area to communicate with a penalized skater. If the person entering is not a skater in the bout the penalty will go to the Captain.</p>	<p><b>6.13.20</b> - A penalized skater's teammates, manager, and/or coach who enters the designated penalty box area to communicate with a penalized skater. If the person entering is not a skater in the bout the penalty will go to the Captain. <b>Medical personnel are allowed in for medical purposes.</b></p>
	<p><b>6.13.15</b> - A penalized skater who removes her safety equipment in the penalty box. A penalized skater may remove her mouth guard only after she is seated in the penalty box. Merely adjusting safety equipment while in the penalty box is not to be penalized.</p>	<p><b>6.13.21</b> - A penalized skater who removes her safety equipment in the penalty box. A penalized skater may remove her mouth guard only after she is seated in the penalty box. Merely adjusting safety equipment while in the penalty box is not to be penalized.</p>